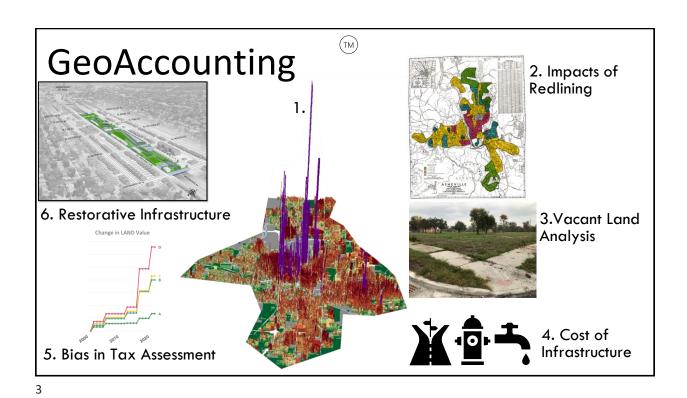
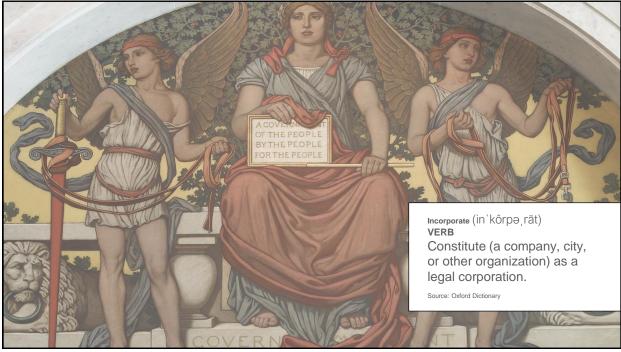


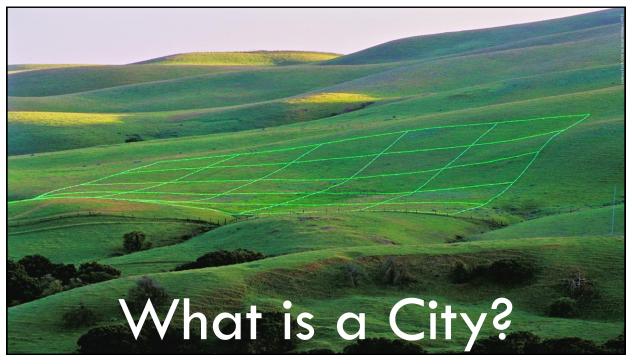
GeoAccounting
GeoAccounting imbues financial data with spatial relevance to bring clarity to decision making and make patterns easily recognizable.

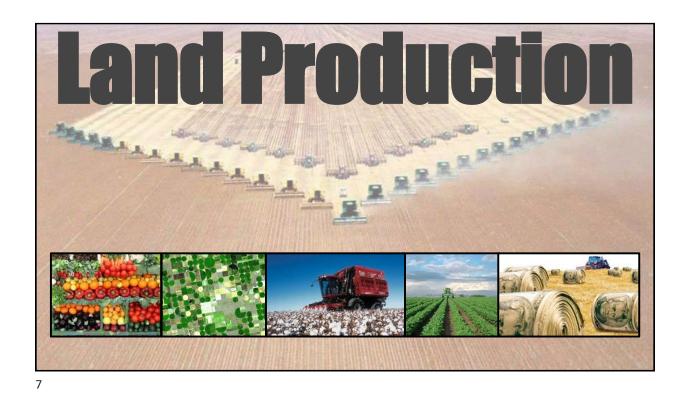
Put the Money on the Map







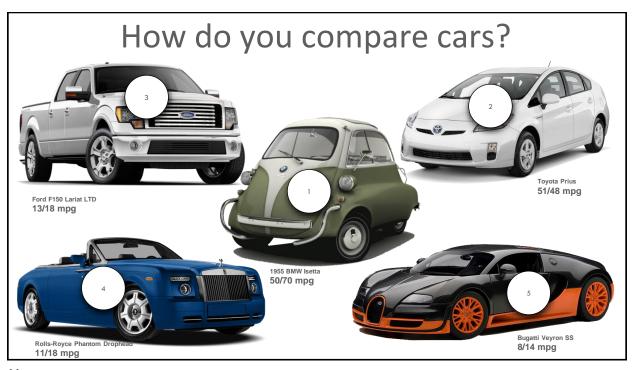


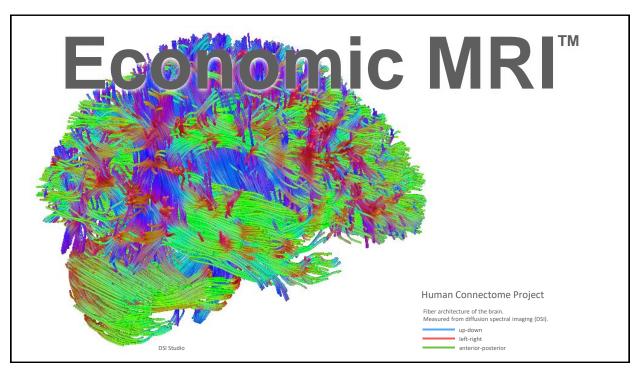


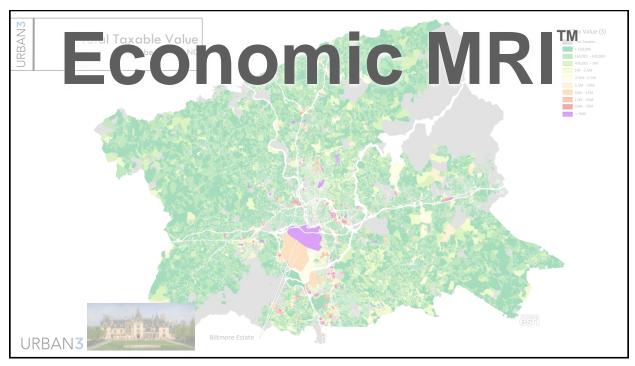


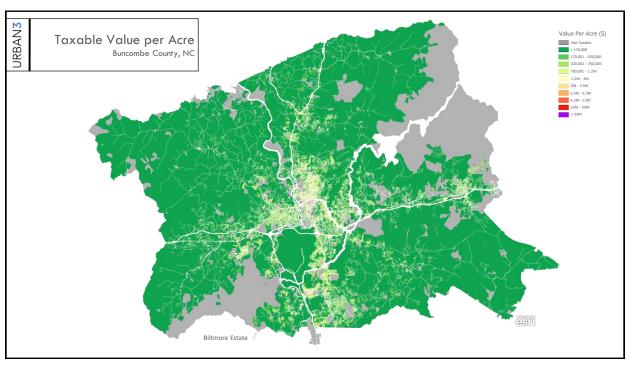


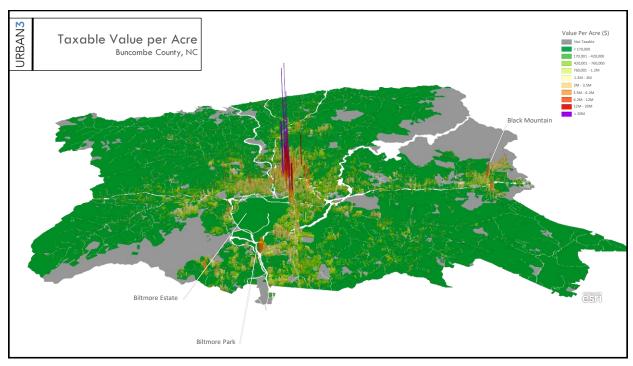


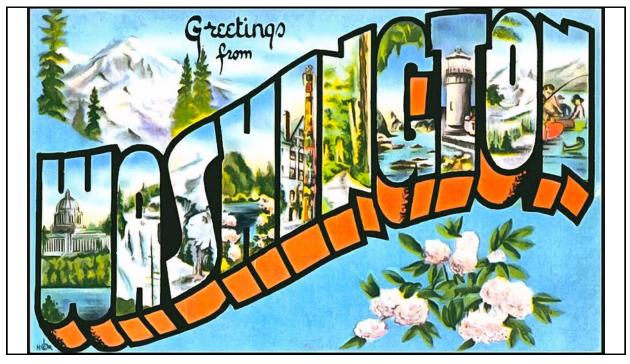














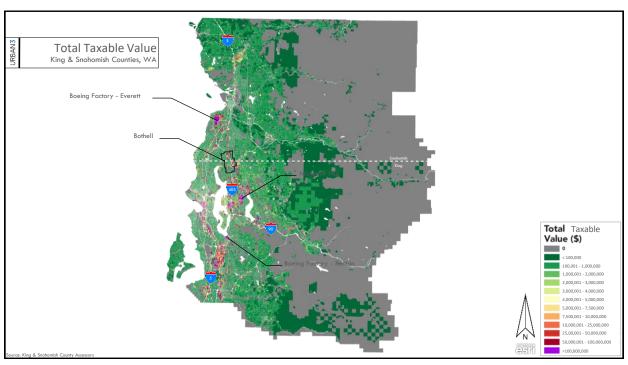
Case Study:

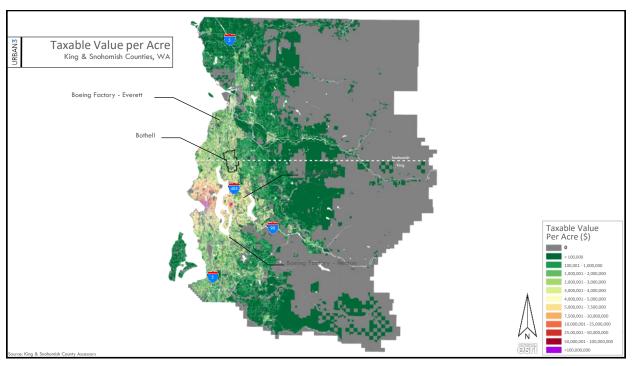
Bothell, Washington

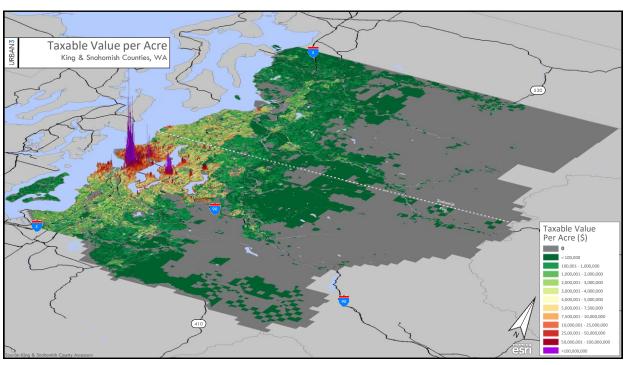
Using data story telling to help communities see where they generate revenue

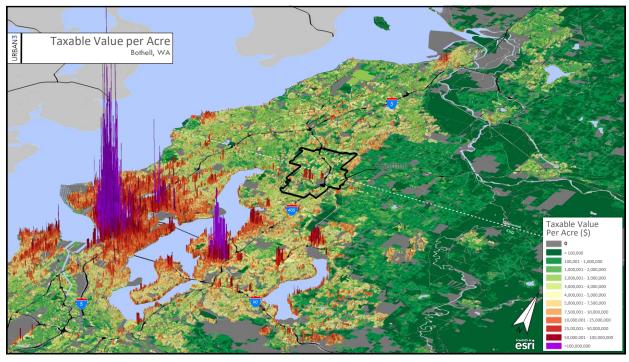
URBAN3

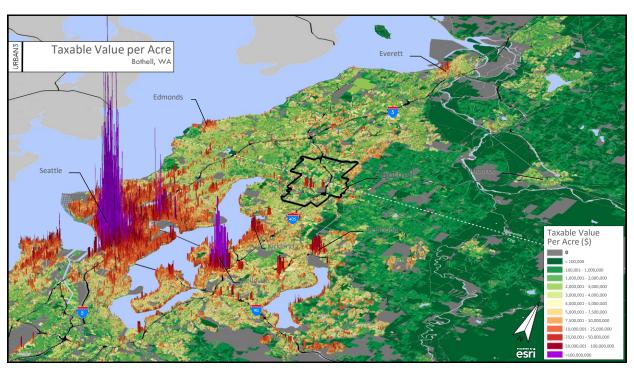
17















URBAN3



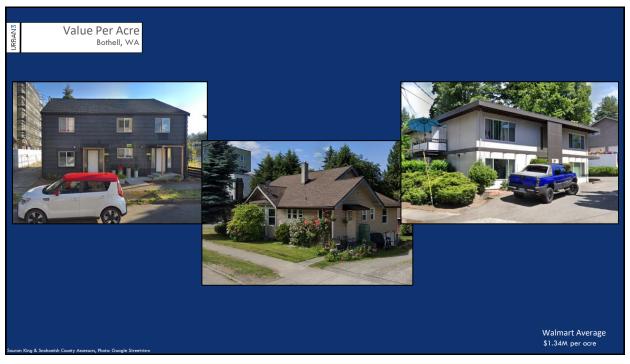
Residential Land Use Types

Samples of residential buildings and development types.

25







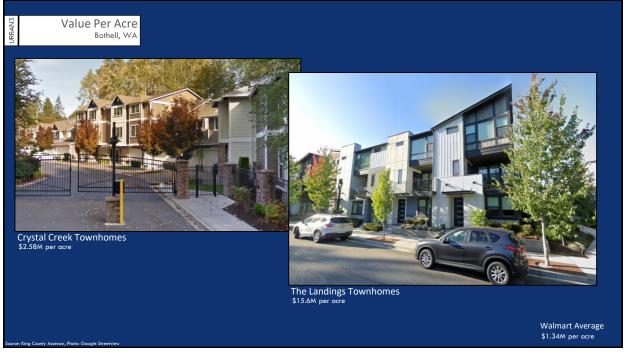














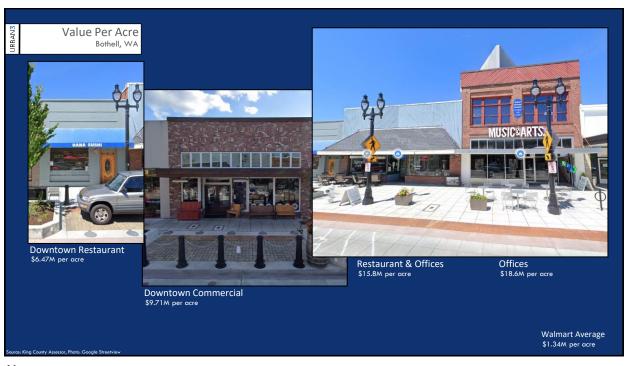


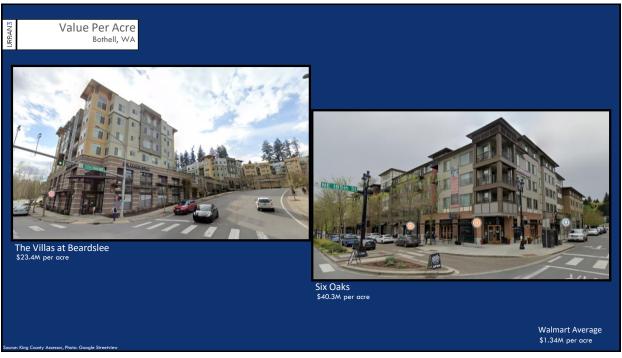




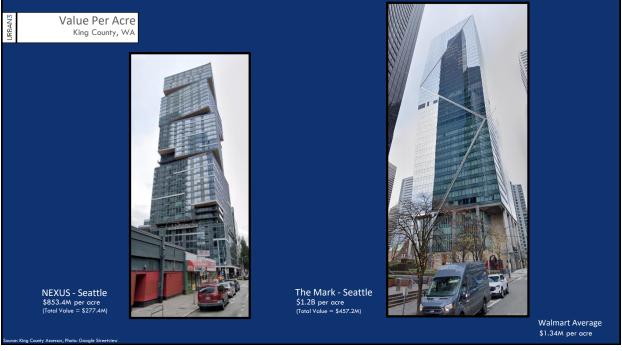


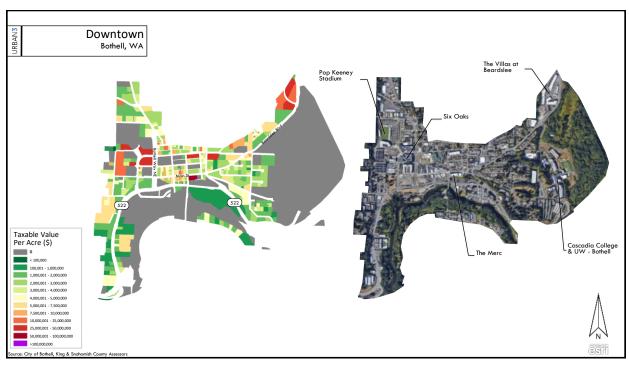


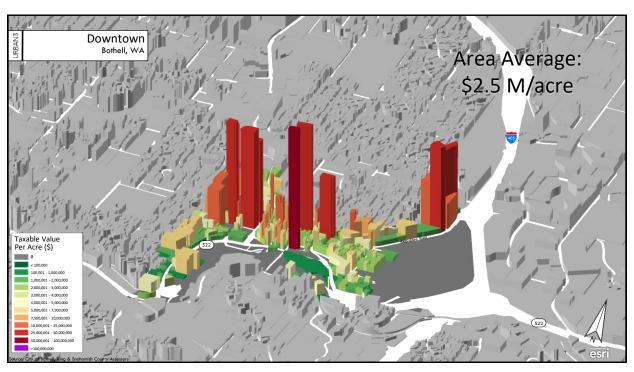


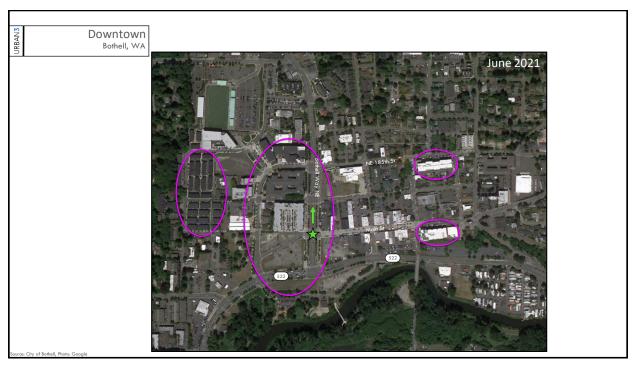


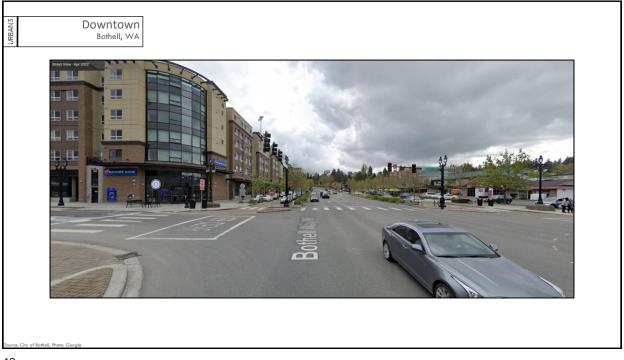


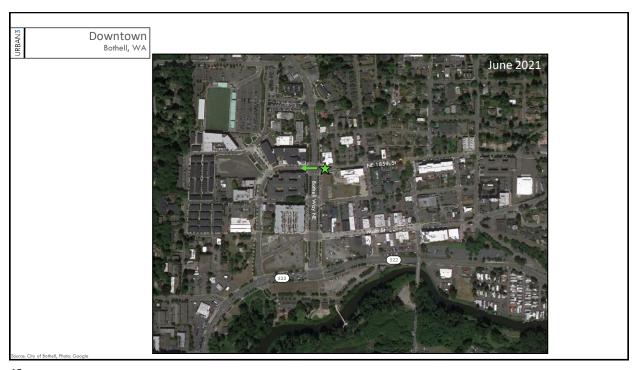


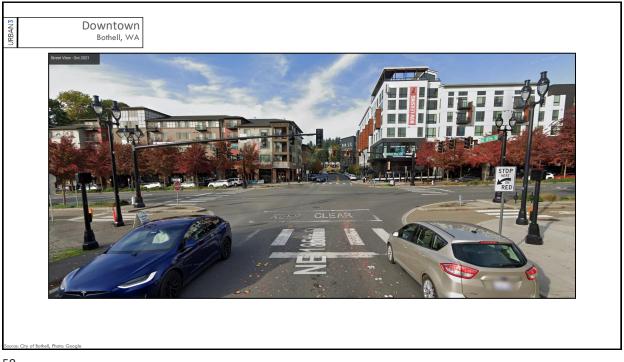




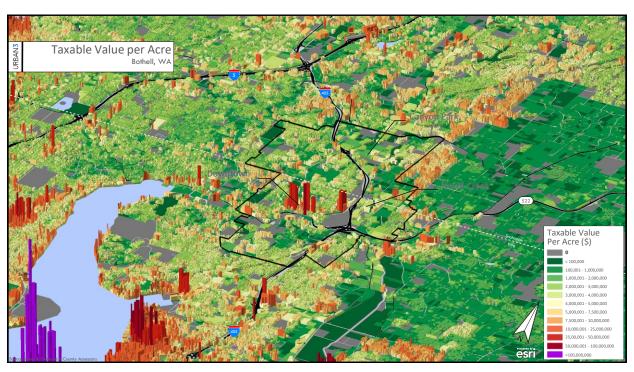


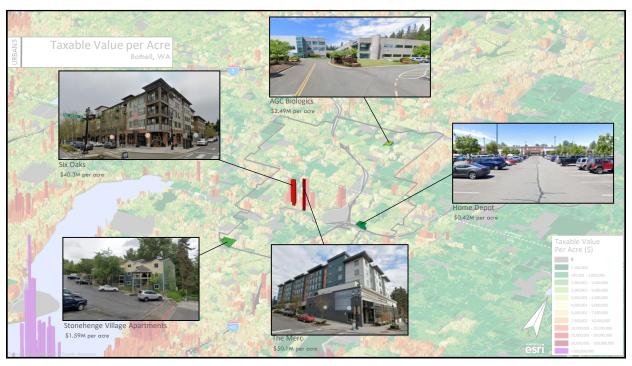














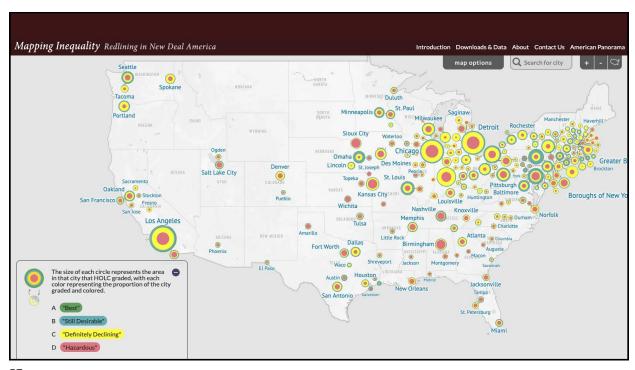


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Cultural Bias:

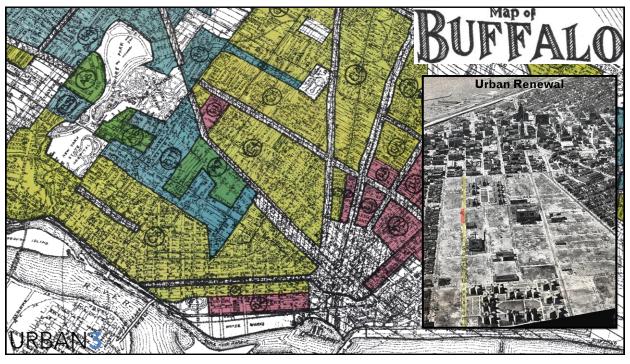
Redlining:

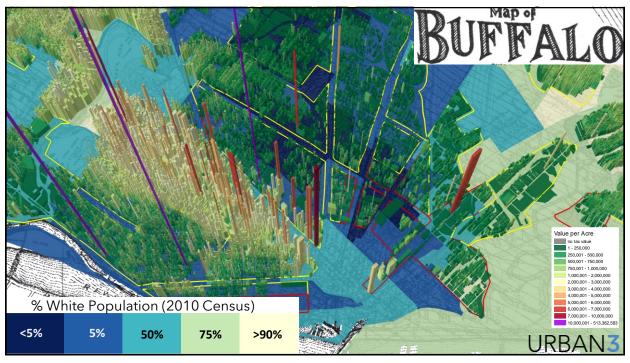
the persistent structure of segregation and economic inequality. Began with the National Housing Act of 1934, establishing the Federal Housing Administration (FHA).

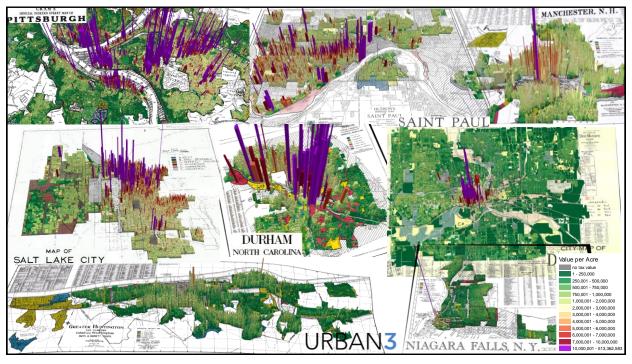


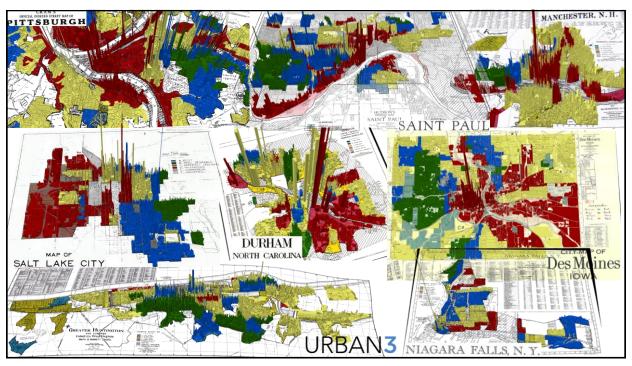














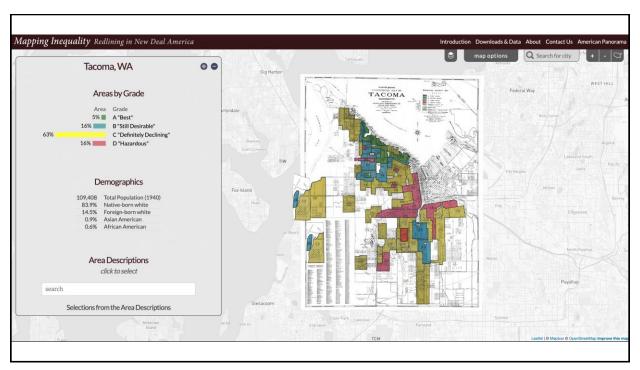
2021

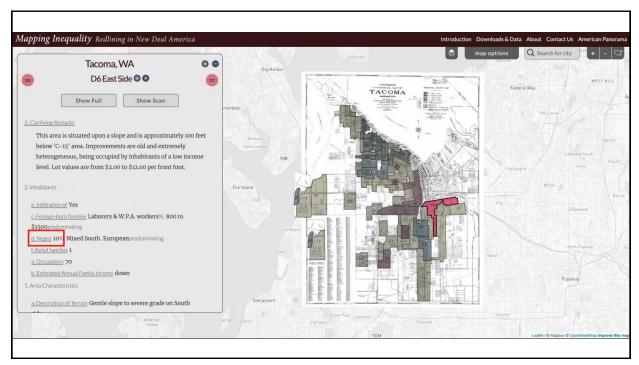
Case Study:

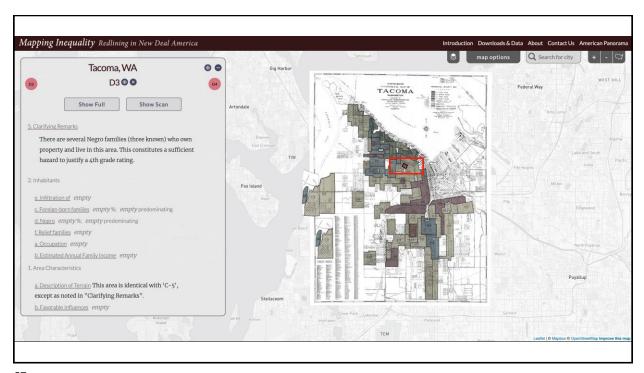
Tacoma, Washington

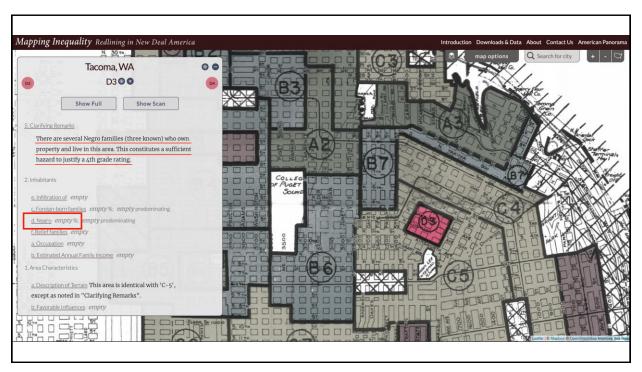
Redlining in Washington State

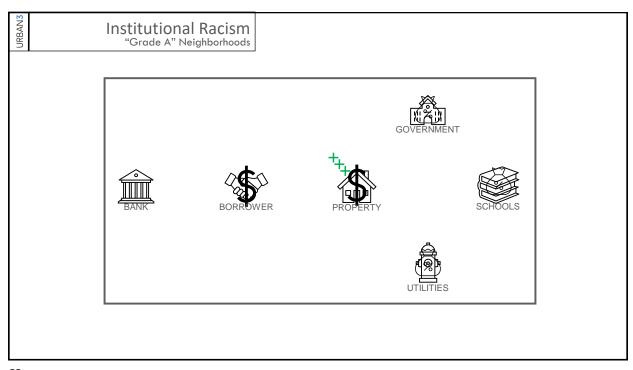
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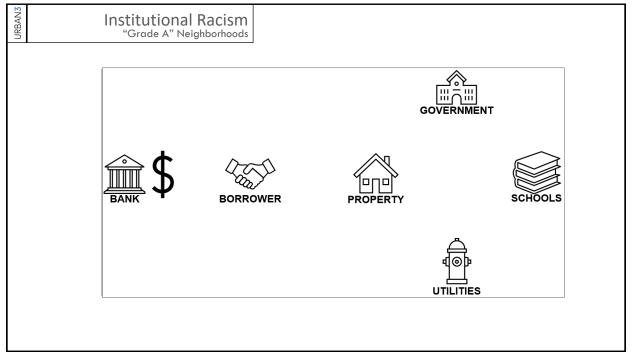


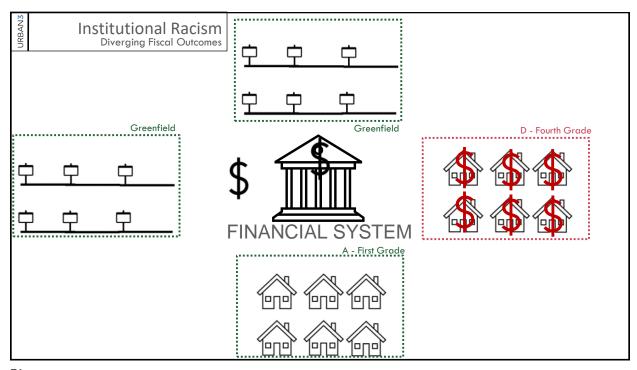










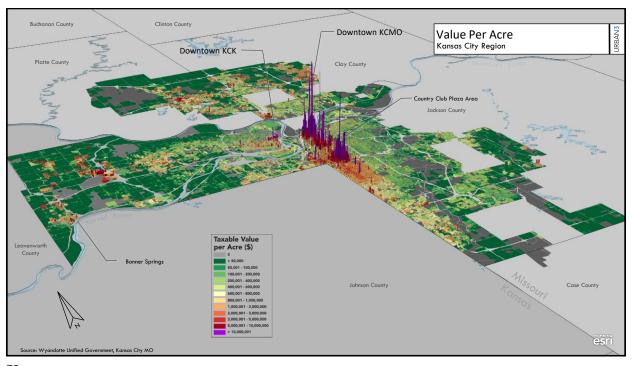


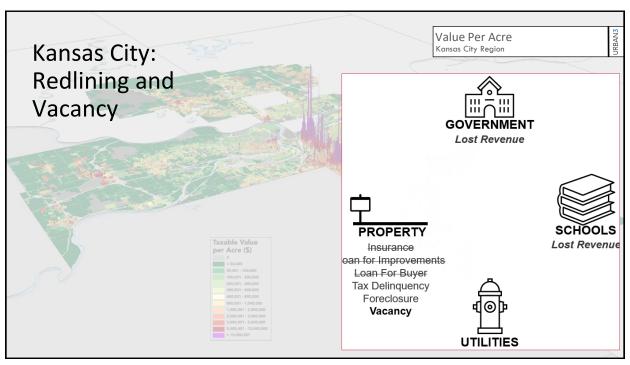


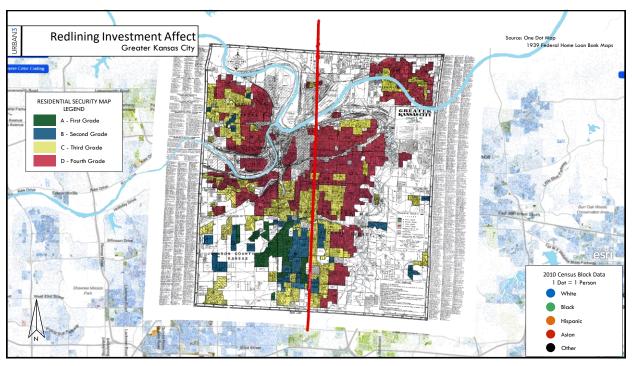
Greater Kansas City

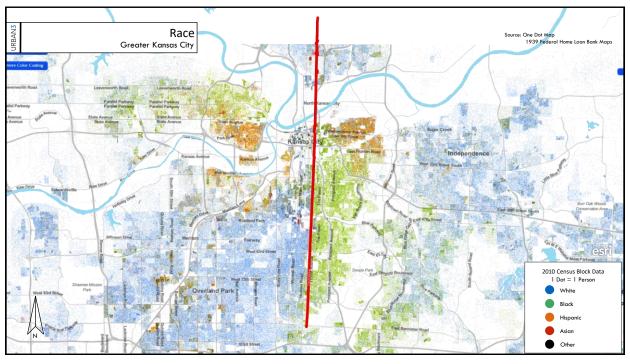
Quantifying the cost of redlining and looking for creative solutions

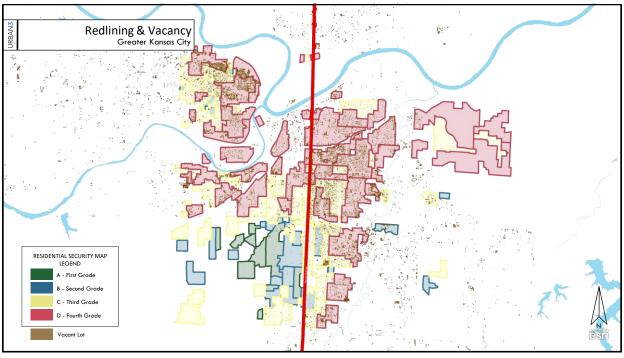
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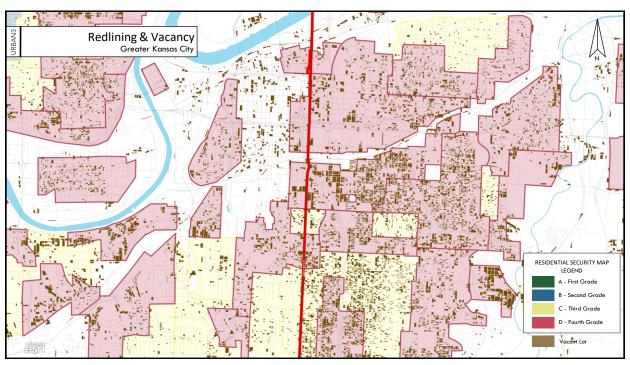


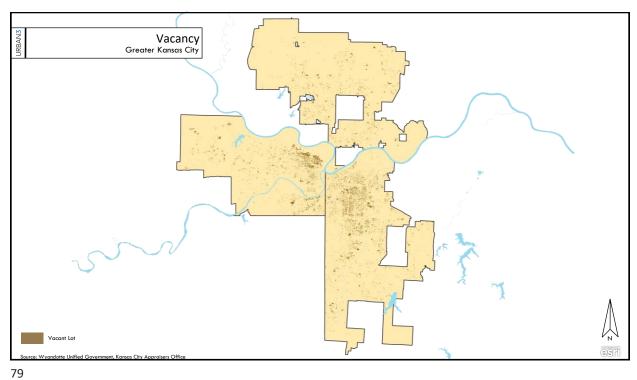


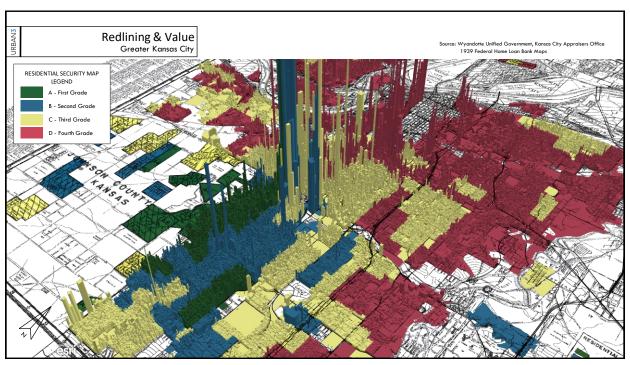


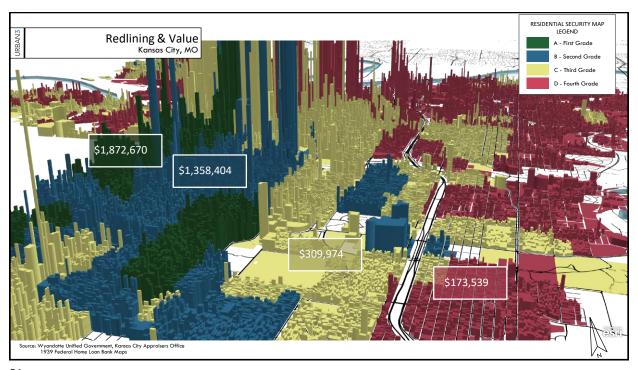


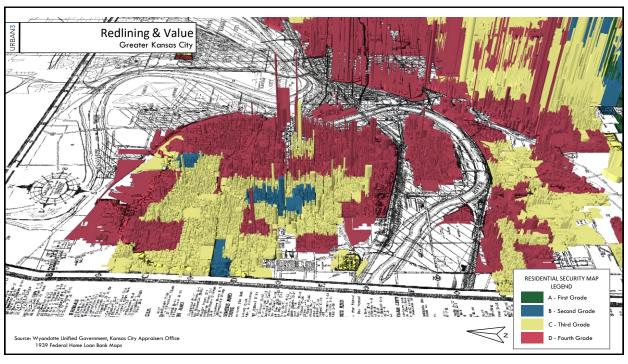


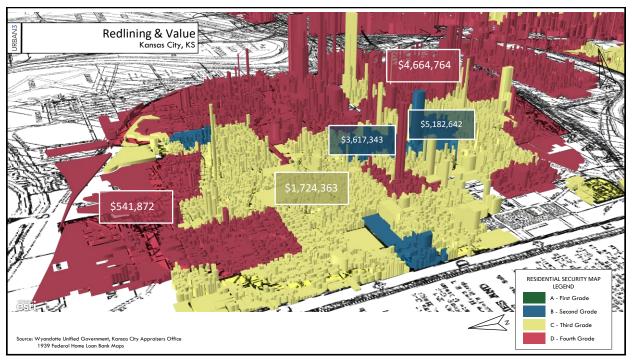


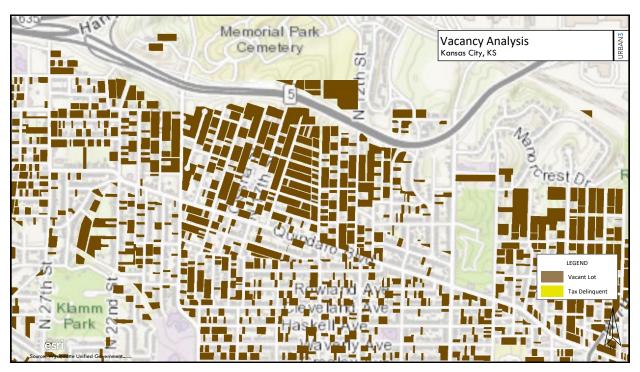


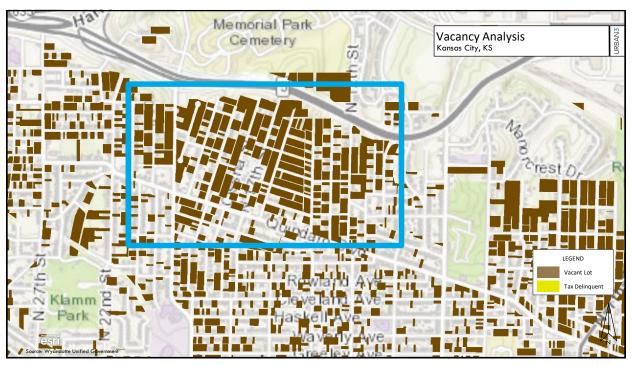


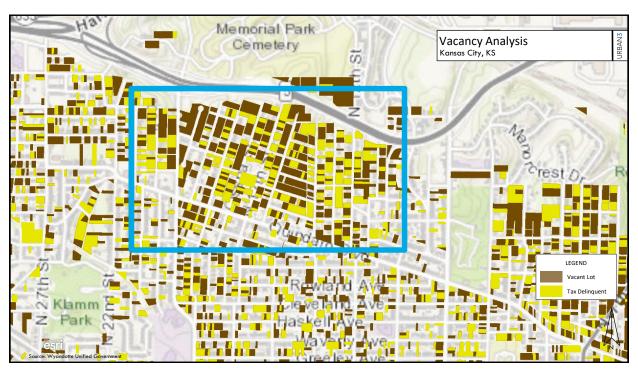








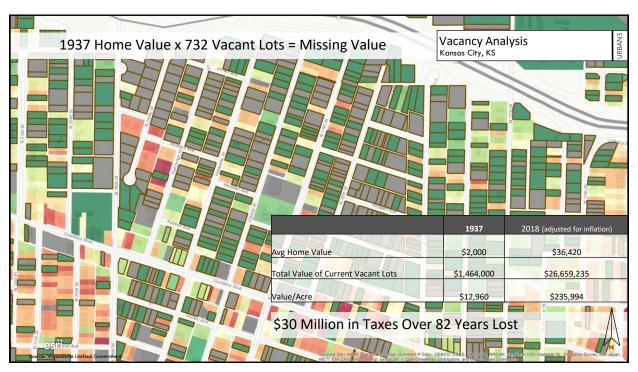


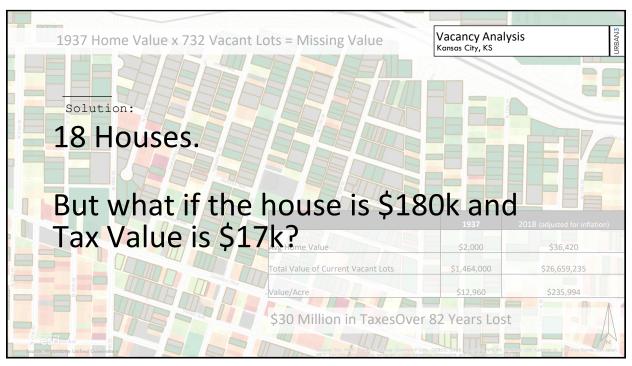
















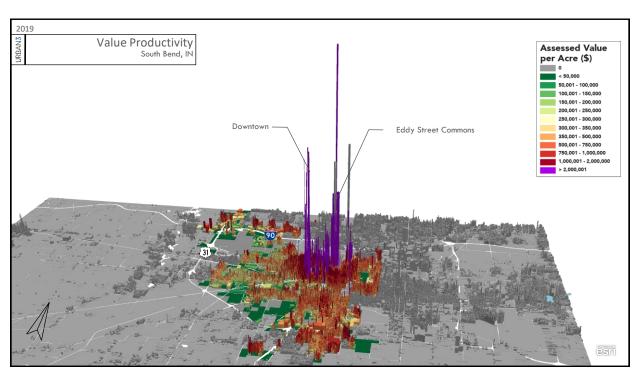
Case Study:

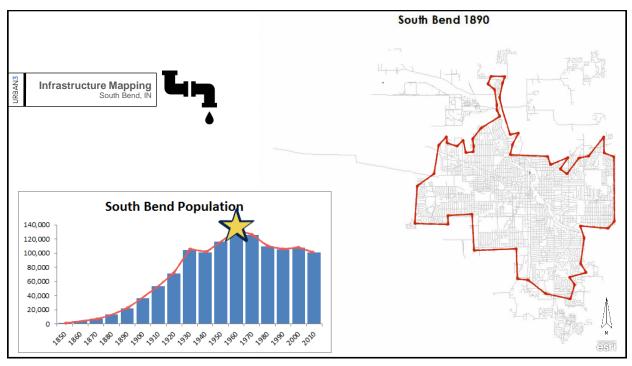
South Bend, Indiana

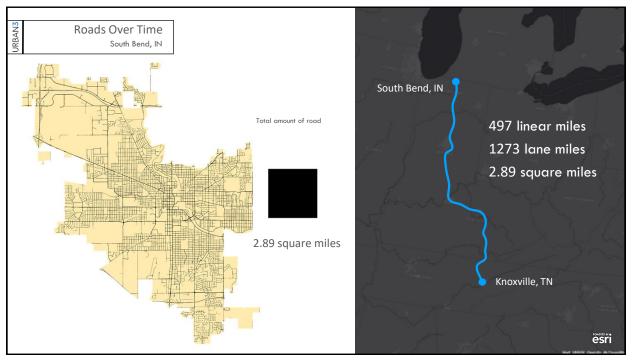
Even after property becomes abandoned the community is left with the sunk cost of providing infrastructure

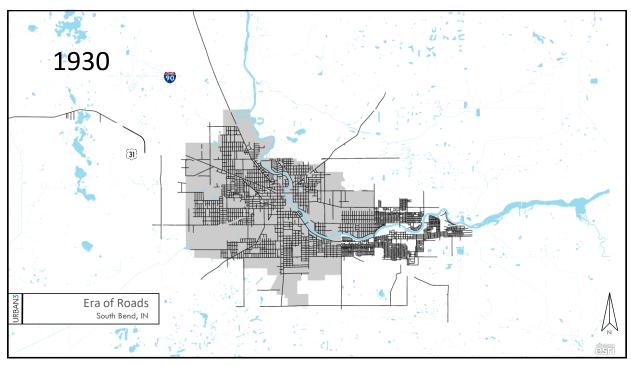
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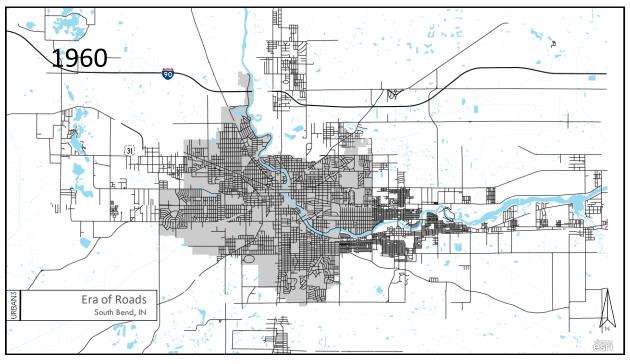
93

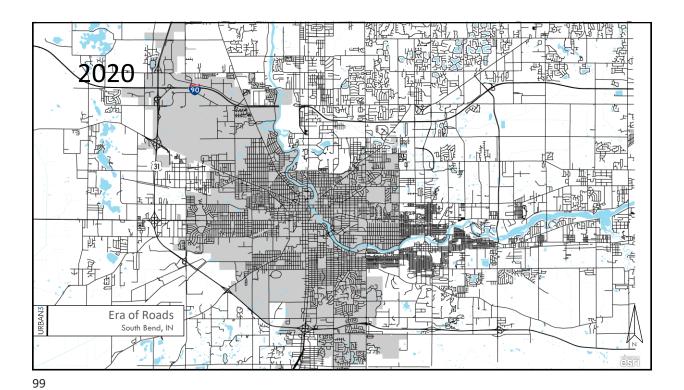


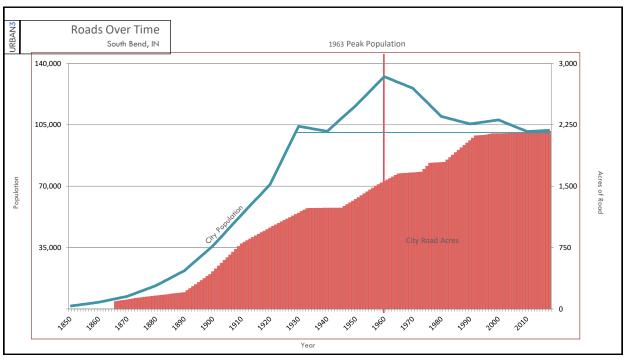


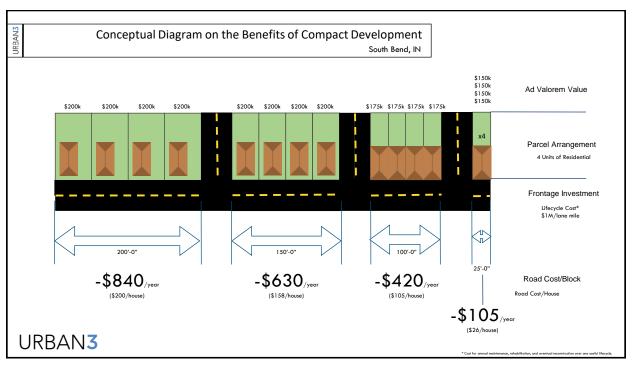












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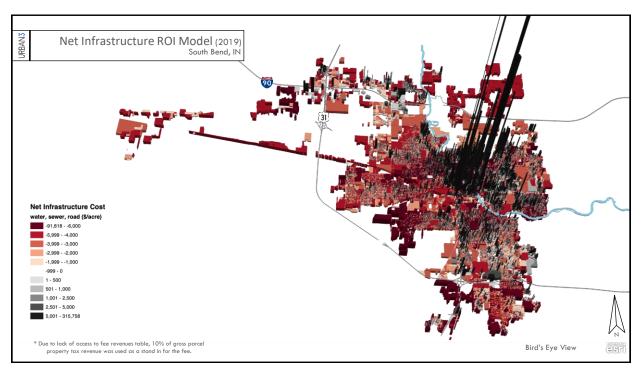
Land Vacancy Economics

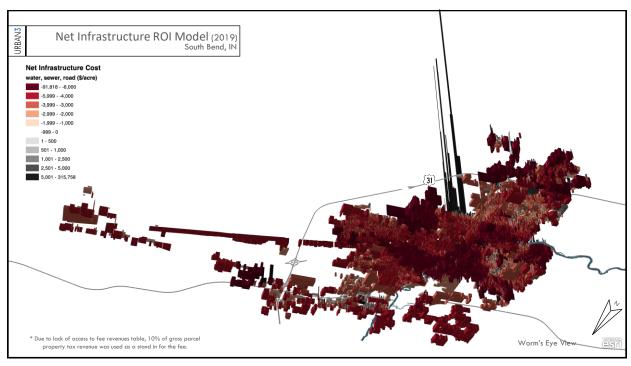
The effect of vacant property.

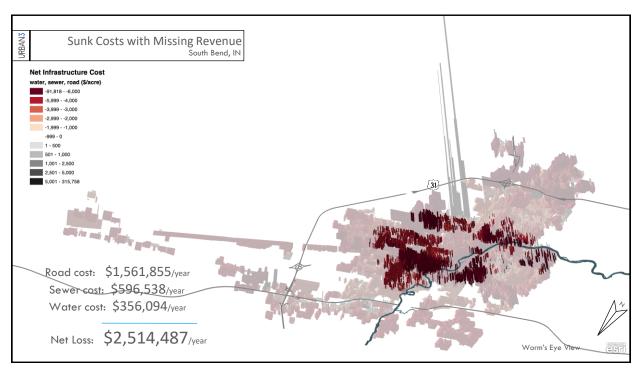














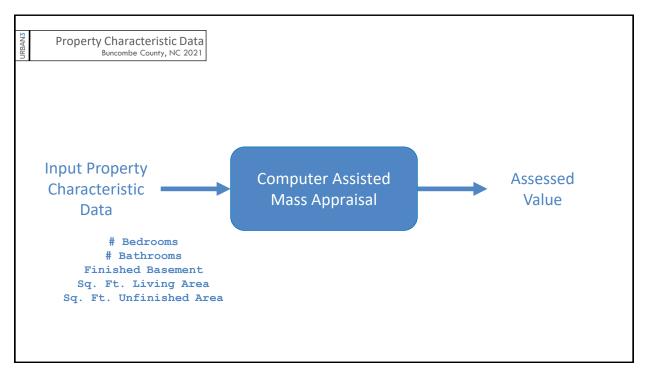
Case Study:

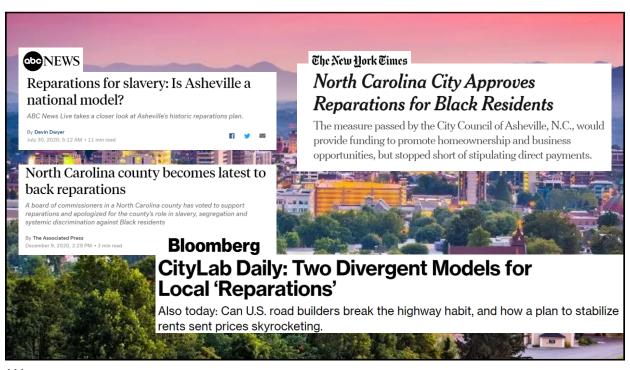
Asheville, North Carolina

Examining the ongoing impact of bias in the current tax assessment system

URBAN3

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Reparations Resolutions
Buncombe Count and the City of Asheville

CITY OF ASHEVILLE REPARATIONS RESOLUTION

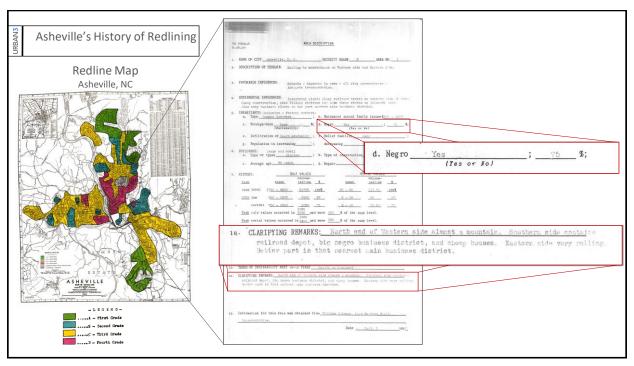
WHEREAS, Black People have been denied housing through racist practices in the private realty market, including redlining, steering, blockbusting, denial of mortgages, and gentrification; and

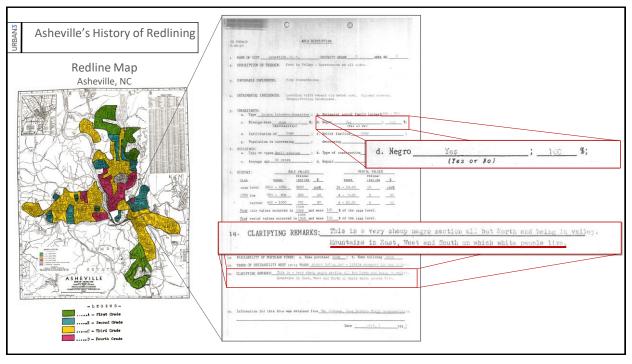
WHEREAS, Black People have been denied housing, displaced and inadequately housed by government housing policies that include discriminatory VA/FHA practices, Urban Renewal, and a variety of local and federal "affordable" housing programs; and

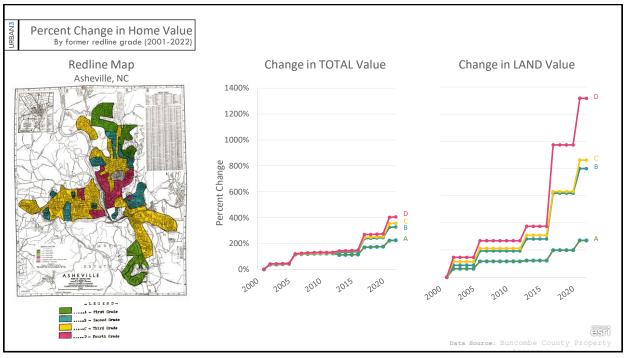
BUNCOMBE COUNTY REPARATIONS RESOLUTION

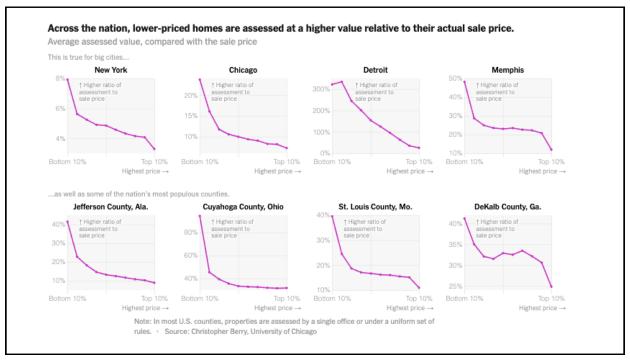
(8) directs county staff, including the newly-formed Equity and Inclusion Workgroup, to continue prioritizing racial equity in the implementation of the Buncombe County Strategic plan, including but not limited to the following urgent priority areas for Black residents of Buncombe County:

- Expanding access to quality early childhood education and taking other steps to reduce the opportunity and achievement gap in the local public school systems;
- Increasing Black home ownership, business ownership and other strategies to support upward mobility and build generational wealth within the Black community;
- · Reducing health disparities, including infant mortality;























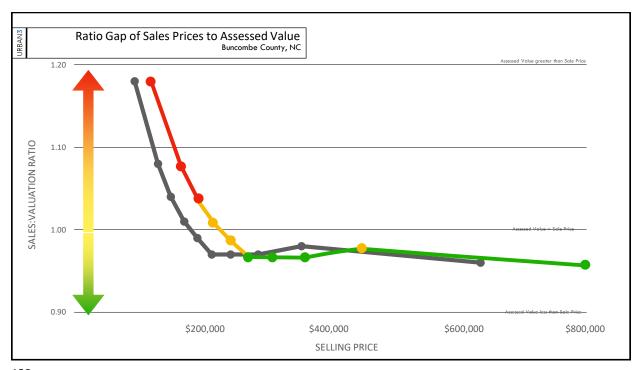


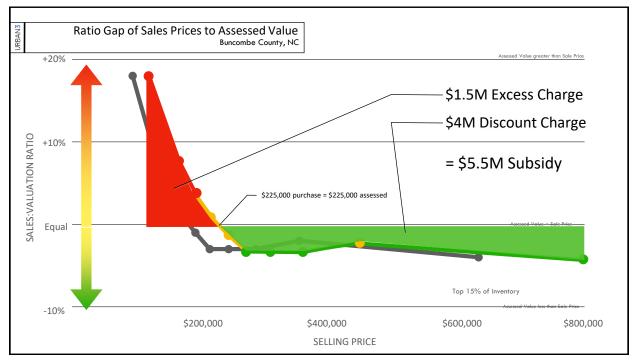


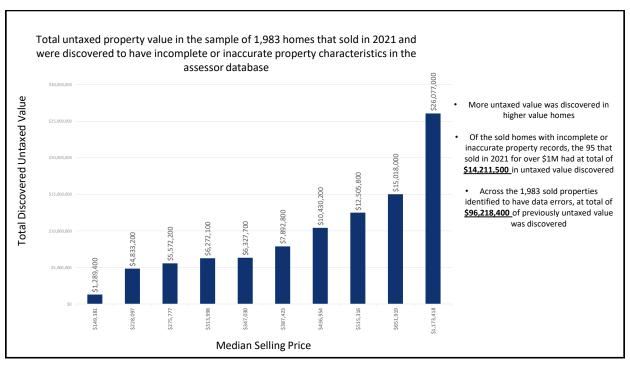


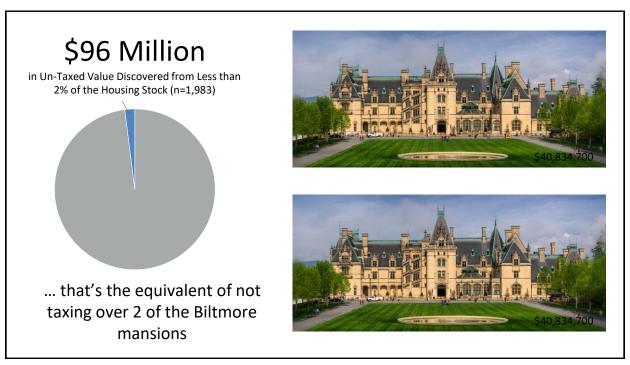












Property Assessment Inequity
In Western North Carolina

Billion-dollar flaws in the property assessment system place disparate financial burden on low-income households and residents of color.

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Case Study:

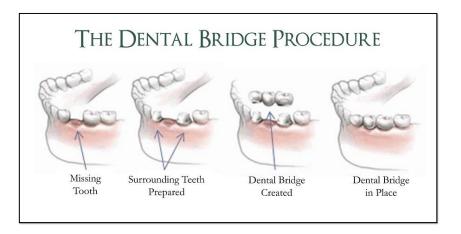
St. Paul, Minnesota

Practicing restorative development by reconnecting a redlined neighborhood with a highway cap

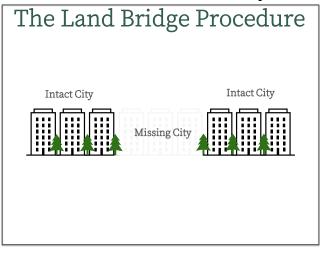
URBAN3



Restorative Dentistry

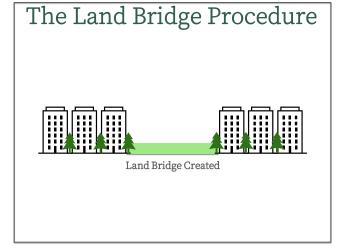


Restorative Development

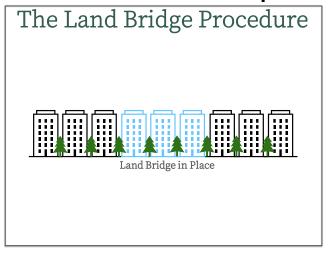


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Restorative Development

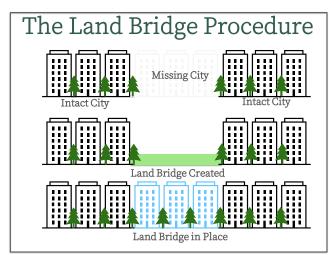


Restorative Development

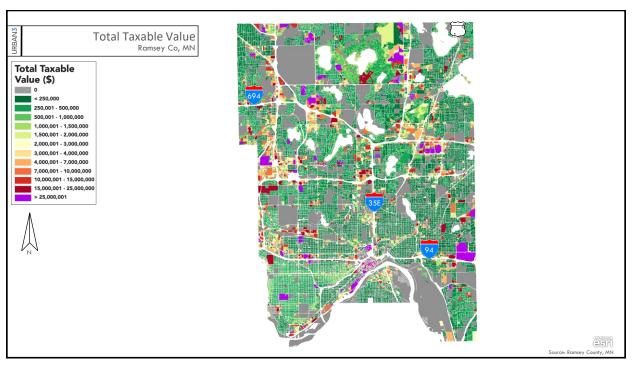


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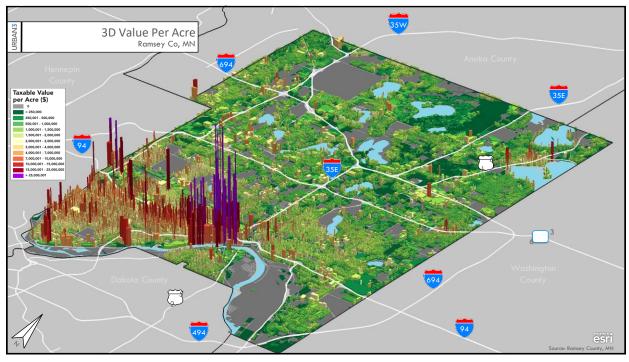
Restorative Development

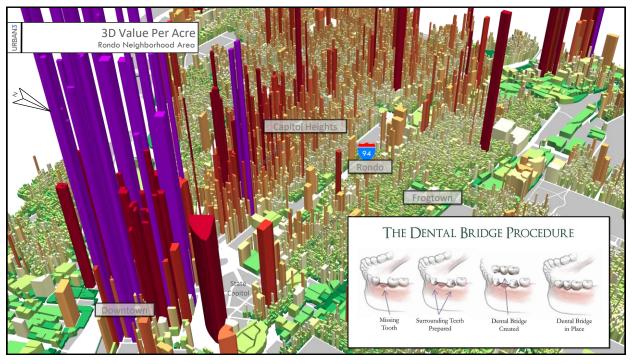


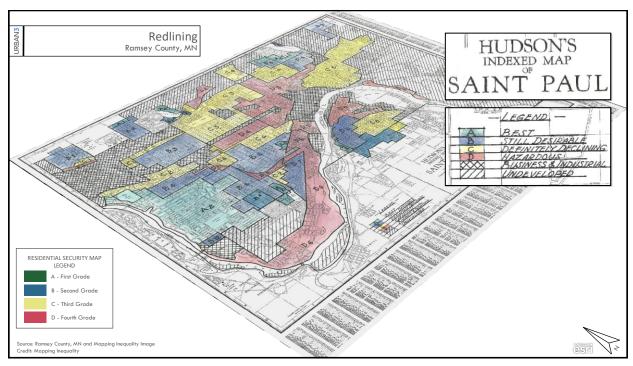


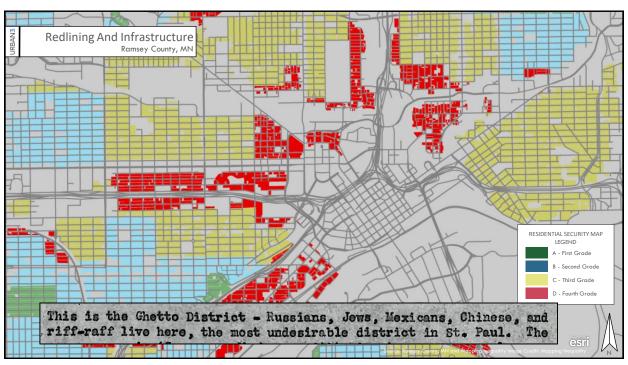


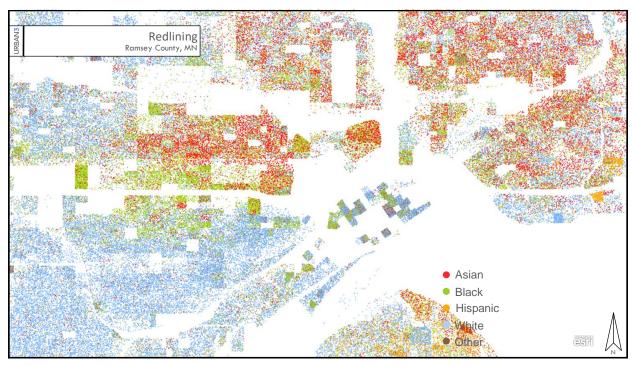


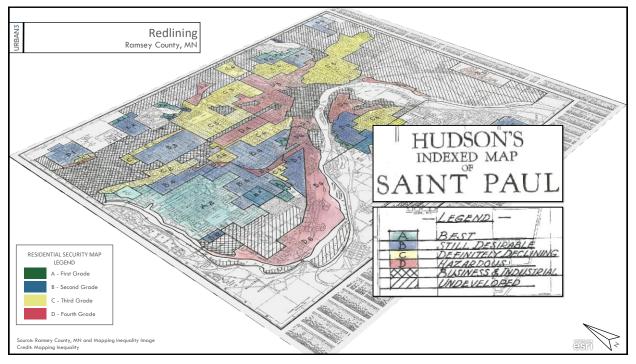


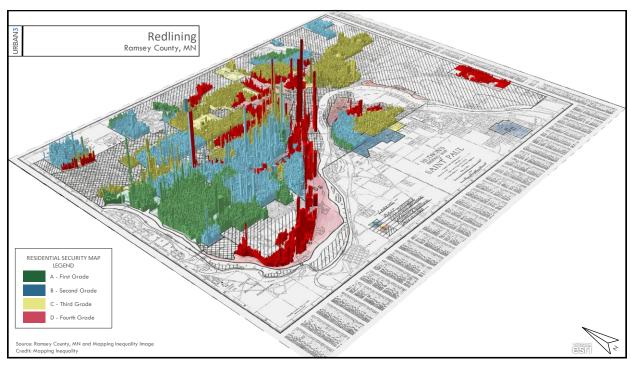


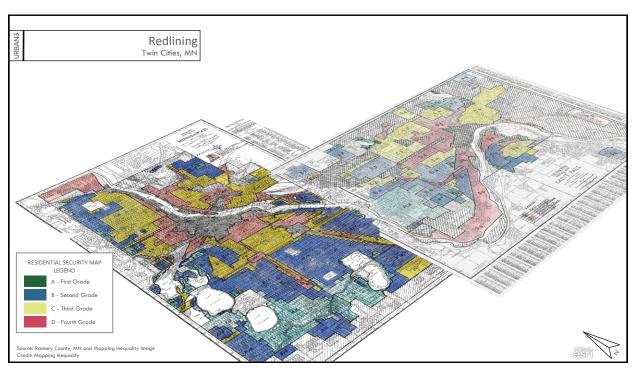


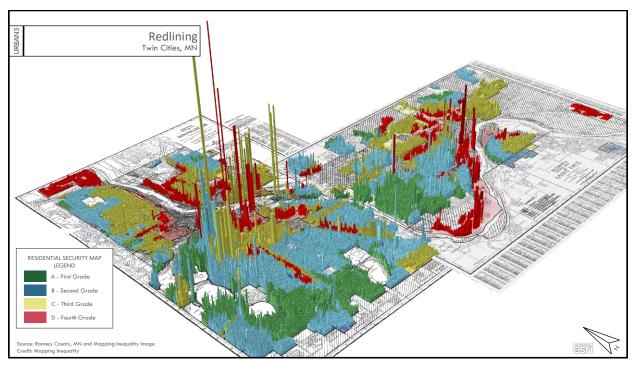






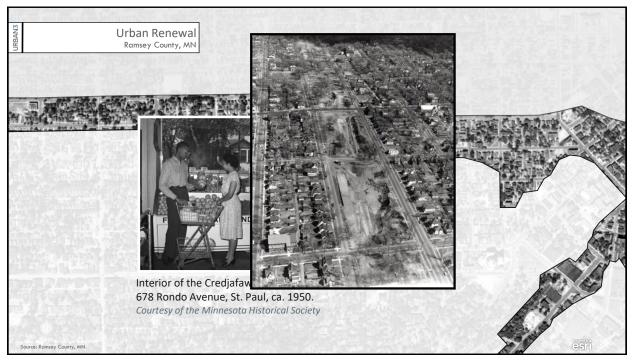


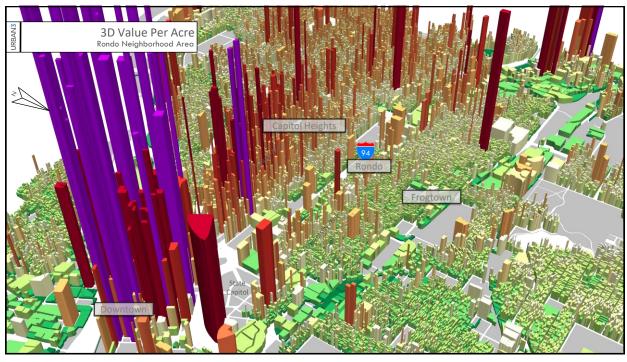


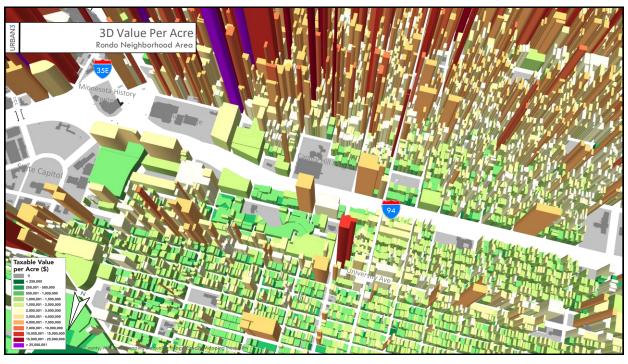


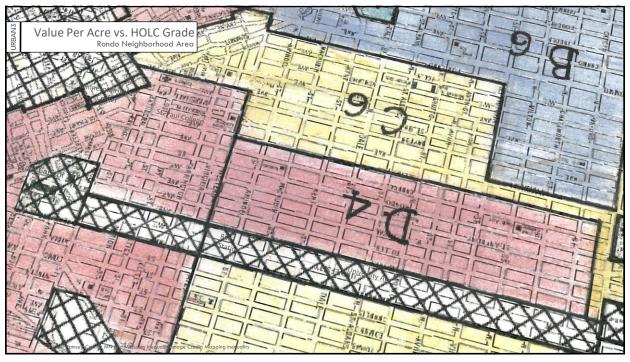


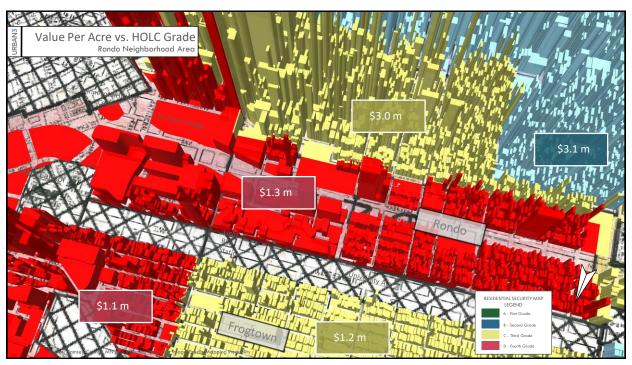


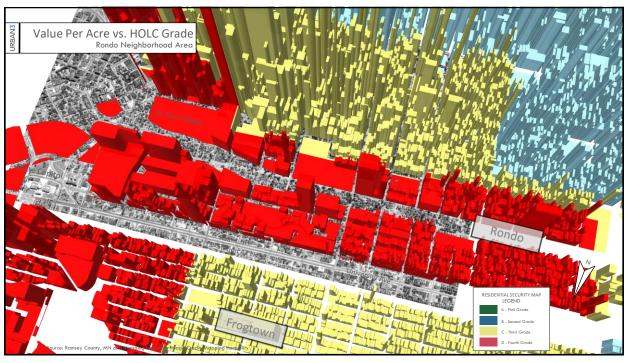


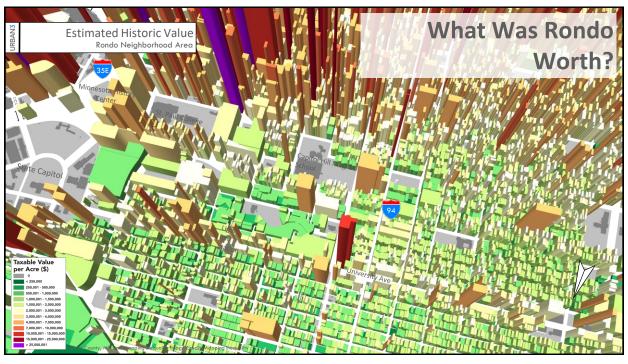


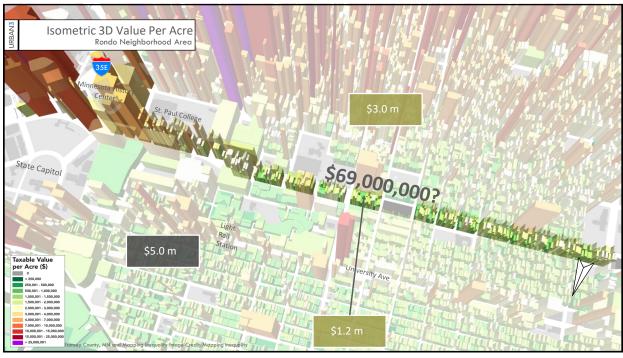






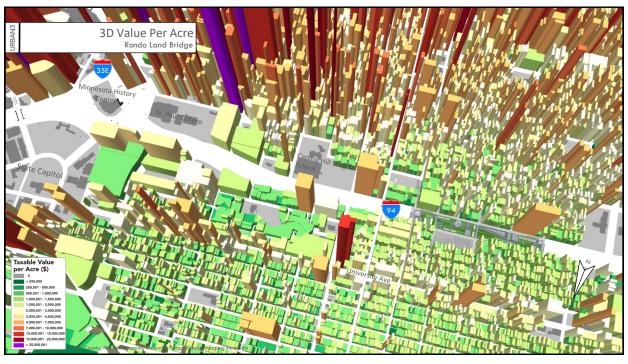


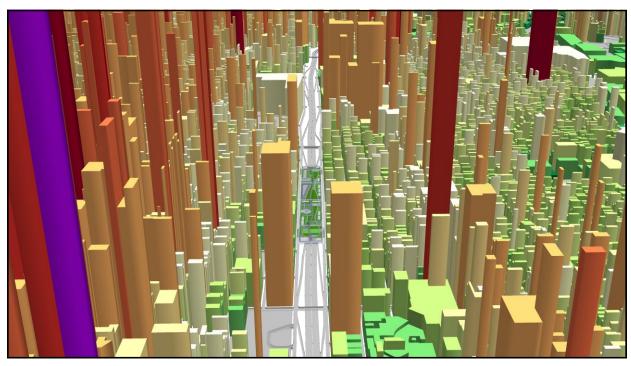














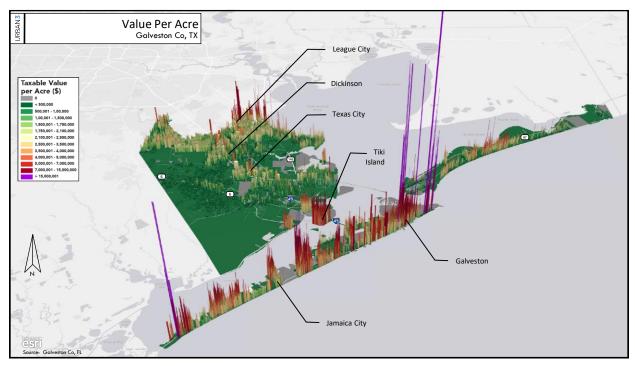
2022

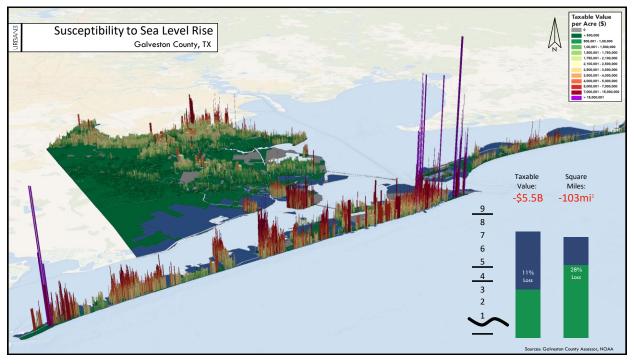
Case Study:

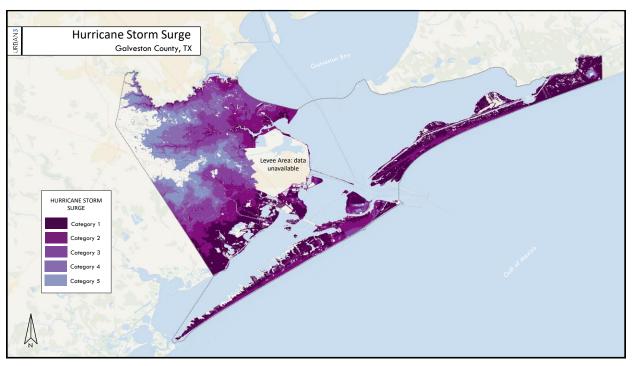
Galveston, Texas

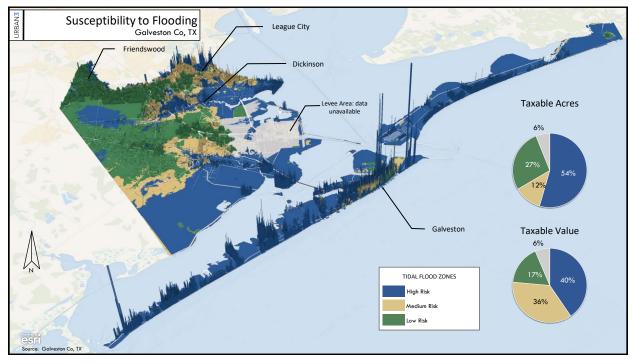
Climate migration adds a special sense of urgency for action

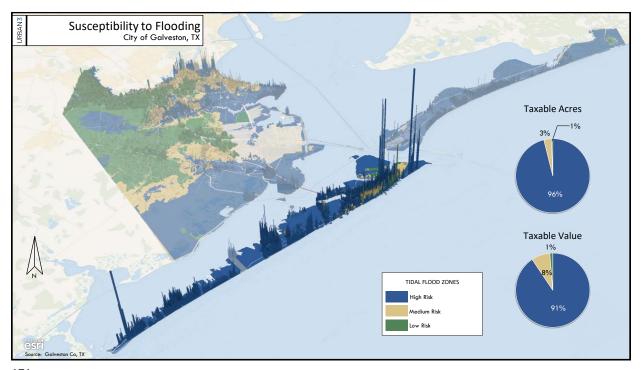
URBAN3

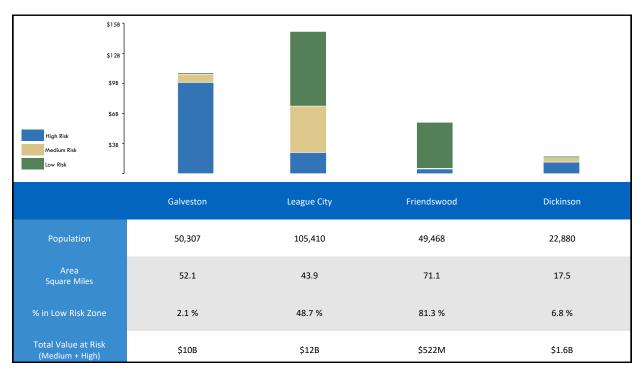


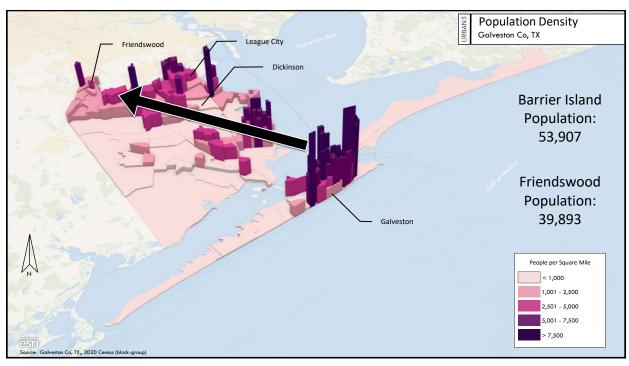


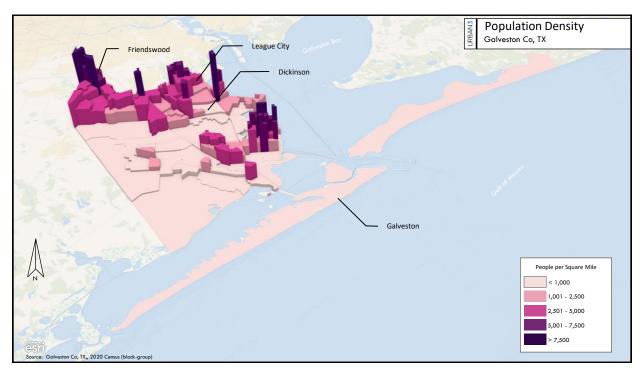


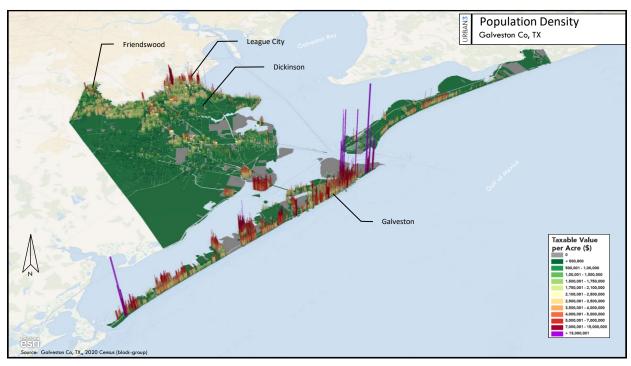


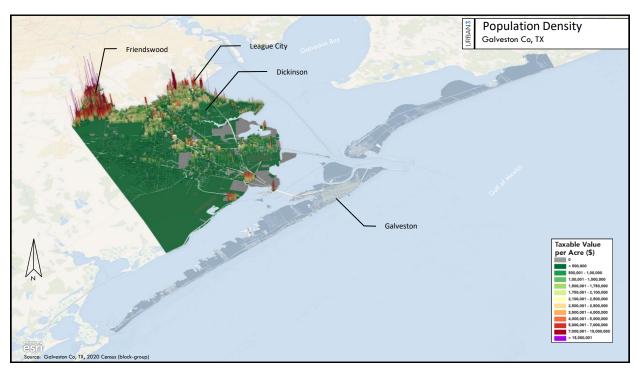


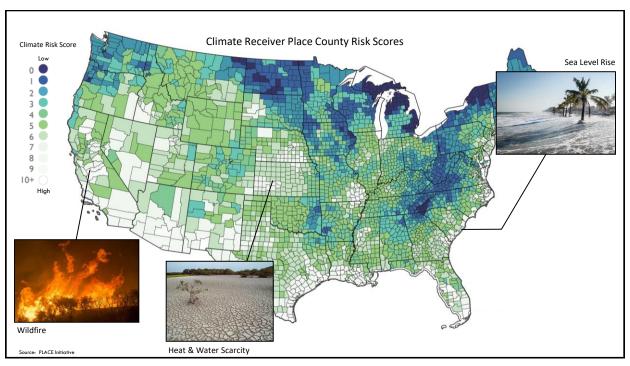


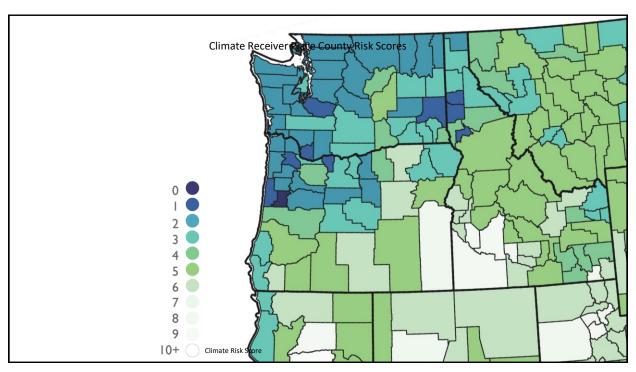












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